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## IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WHATCOM

ARMEN TAGEANT,	NO. 18 2 (	10077 77
laintiff,	COMPLAINT	,00/3 3/

IICHAEL ASHBY, in his personal capacity,

Deborra E. Garrett

COMES NOW Plaintiff Carmen Tageant, by and through her attorneys of record, Galanda Broadman, PLLC, and, upon her own personal knowledge, and upon information and belief, alleges and claims as follows:

## I. PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff CARMEN TAGEANT is a 55-year-old female resident of the State of Washington. Ms. Tageant resides in Everson, Washington. She is a member of the Nooksack Indian Tribe.
- 2. Defendant MICHAEL ASHBY is a resident of the State of Washington. Defendant Ashby resides in Bellingham, Washington. He is not a member of the Nooksack Indian Tribe or any other Indian Tribe. Defendant Ashby was fired from the Ferndale Police Department for department policy violations, before gaining employment with the Nooksack Police Department in 2015. He now holds himself out as the Nooksack Police Chief.

COMPLAINT - 1

GR-17 ORIGINAL GALANDA BROADMAN, PLLC 8606 35th Avenue, NE, Ste. L1 Mailing: P.O. Box 15146 Seattle, Washington 98115 (206) 557-7509

### 3. Jurisdiction and venue are proper in this Court because:

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a. The acts alleged herein occurred in Whatcom County. Outsource Servs. Mgmt., LLC v. Nooksack Bus. Corp., 181 Wn.2d 272, 274, 333 P.3d 380 (2014) ("Washington State courts have jurisdiction over civil cases arising on Indian reservations as long as it does not infringe on the sovereignty of the tribe.");

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- b. Both parties are residents of Whatcom County;
- Defendant Ashby is not a member of any tribe. Maxa v. Yakima c. Petroleum, Inc., 83 Wn. App. 763, 924 P.2d 372 (1996); Powell v. Farris, 94 Wn.2d 782, 620 P.2d 525 (1980); and
- d. Tribal sovereign immunity does not bar Plaintiff's personal capacity suit against Defendant Ashby for his own tortious conduct. Lewis v. Clarke, U.S., 137 S. Ct. 1285 (2017); Order at 11, Rabang, et al., v. Kelly, et al, 2:17-cv-000888 (W.D. Wash. Apr. 29, 2017), ECF No. 62; Wright v. Colville Tribal Enter. Corp., 159 Wn.2d 108, 116, 147 P.3d 1275 (2006) (en banc); Pistor v. Garcia, 791 F.3d 1104, 1112 (9th Cir. 2015) (citing Maxwell v. Ctv. of San Diego, 708 F.3d 1075, 1089 (9th Cir. 2013)).

### III. STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 4. Defendant Ashby assaulted and battered Ms. Tageant without cause or provocation on January 5, 2018, while wearing a Nooksack Indian Tribe police uniform.
- 5. As of March 24, 2016, the Nooksack Tribal Council's refusal to comply with its own laws, for want of the quorum required by the Constitution and Bylaws of the Nooksack Indian Tribe, rendered it defunct; and any post-March 24, 2016, acts of the now Holdover Tribal Council or its subordinate governmental entities or agents are *ultra vires* and void *ab initio*,

according to the United States.<sup>1</sup> This includes the post-March 24, 2016, purported appointment by the Holdover Tribal Council of Defendant Ashby as Nooksack Tribal Police Chief,<sup>2</sup> or any post-March 24, 2016, purported act of Defendant Ashby as Nooksack Tribal Police Chief.

- 6. On December 13, 2016, this Court accorded deference to the October 17 and November 14, 2016, decisions of Lawrence S. Roberts, Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary of Indian Affairs ("PDAS") for the U.S. Department of the Interior, not to "recognize as lawful or carrying any legal effect the actions or decisions of the Nooksack Tribal Council after March 24, 2016 . . . ." *In re Gabriel S. Galanda, et al. v. Nooksack Tribal Ct.*, No. 16-2-01663-1, Dkt. No. 55. "This Court, therefore, does not recognize any such post-March 24, 2016 actions of decisions of the Nooksack Tribal Council . . . ." *Id.*
- 7. On December 23, 2016, PDAS Roberts issued a third decision, declaring that Nooksack law enforcement officers lack tribal or federal authority to carry out "actions taken by the Tribal council after March 24, 2016."
- 8. On December 24, 2017, an August 25, 2017, Memorandum of Agreement ("MOA") between former Acting Assistant Secretary of Indian Affairs, Mike Black, and Nooksack Tribal Chairman Robert Kelly Jr., the Chairman of the Nooksack Tribe—which temporarily restored recognition of the Nooksack Tribal Council—expired under its own terms.<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup> See Letter from Lawrence Roberts, Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs, United States

Department of Interior, to Robert Kelly, Jr., Chairman, Nooksack Indian Tribe (Dec. 23, 2016) ("Roberts' Third Decision"), available at https://turtletalk.files.wordpress.com/2017/01/12-23-16-letter-from-pdas-ia-lawrence-

roberts-to-robert-kelly-jr.pdf; Letter from Lawrence Roberts, Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs, United States Department of Interior, to Robert Kelly, Jr., Chairman, Nooksack Indian Tribe (Nov. 14, 2016),

Letter from Lawrence Roberts, Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs, United States Department of Interior, to Robert Kelly, Jr., Chairman, Nooksack Indian Tribe (Oct. 17, 2016), available at

Wash. Feb. 13, 2017), No. 17-0219, ECF No. 43 ("the Court concludes deference is owed to the DOI decisions[;]...

https://turtletalk.files.wordpress.com/2016/10/letter-from-pdas-ia-lawrence-roberts-to-chairman-bob-kelly.pdf. 

<sup>2</sup> Cf. Order Granting Defendant's Motion to Dismiss, Nooksack Indian Tribe v. Zinke, No. 17-0219-JCC (W.D.

https://turtletalk.files.wordpress.com/2016/11/letter-from-lawrence-roberts-to-chairman-kelly.pdf;

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...[t]herefore, the decisions taken and the leadership in place after March 24, 2016, are not valid at this time. ..").

Roberts' Third Decision, *supra* note 1, at 1.

Memorandum of Agreement between Michael Black, Acting Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs, United State Department of Interior, and Robert Kelly, Jr., Chairman, Nooksack Indian Tribe (Aug. 25, 2017), *available at* https://turtletalk.files.wordpress.com/2017/09/moa-8-28-17.pdf.

COMPLAINT - 3

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COMPLAINT - 3

available

COMPLAINT - 4

9. As of the date of this filing, the Tribal Council remains unrecognized by the United States, and any and all post-March 24, 2016, actions and decisions of the Holdover Tribal Council—including their appointment of Defendant Ashby as Nooksack Police Chief—and its surrogates—including Defendant Ashby holding himself out as Police Chief—remain *ultra vires*.

- 10. In December of 2017, the Council commenced the General Election procedures for the four Tribal Council seats that are set to expire in March of 2018, which includes Ms. Tageant's seat.
- 11. On January 5, 2018, at 1:58 p.m., Ms. Tageant arrived at the Nooksack Election Board Office in Deming, Washington to deliver her candidate application before the 2:00 p.m. filing deadline. Ms. Tageant sought to run for reelection.
- 12. As Ms. Tageant approached the front door of the Elections Board Office, Defendant Ashby saw her, with application materials in hand, and locked the front door. As it was not yet 2:00 p.m., Ms. Tageant knocked on the front door. Defendant Ashby opened the front door in response, and allowed Ms. Tageant into the building.
- 13. Upon entering, Ms. Tageant announced that she was there to turn in her candidate application. At the same moment when Election Superintendent Katrice Rodriguez announced to her, "you're too late," Defendant Ashby forcefully grabbed both of Ms. Tageant's arms just above her elbows and violently pushed her back. Defendant Ashby battered Ms. Tageant without provocation.
- 14. Ms. Tageant was stunned by Defendant Ashby's action, telling him, "what are you doing? Don't touch me."
- 15. Defendant Ashby again reached for Ms. Tageant, and out of fear, she stepped backward out of his reach and extended her arm to keep Defendant Ashby away from her.

Again, Ms. Tageant told Defendant Ashby not to put his hands on her again. Defendant Ashby assaulted Ms. Tageant without provocation.

- 16. Ms. Tageant feared what would happen if she stayed; so, she exited the building and walked back to the safety of her car. As she was walking to her car, she kept looking over her shoulder, afraid Defendant Ashby would follow her.
- 17. As Ms. Tageant drove away from the Elections Board Office, Defendant Ashby came outside and made a point of making eye contact with and smirking at her in an intimidating manner.
- 18. On the afternoon of January 5, 2018, when Defendant Ashby assaulted and battered Ms. Tageant, the Nooksack Tribal Council lacked recognition and Defendant Ashby lacked any tribal or federal law enforcement authority according to the United States. He acted in his personal capacity that afternoon.
- 19. Since the assault and battery, Ms. Tageant has experienced severe emotional trauma. She has been paralyzed with fear, not only for herself, but for her children as well. While at home, Ms. Tageant is careful to ensure that her doors and windows are locked at all times, checking the locks throughout the day. Already, Ms. Tageant experiences flashbacks of the incident that cause her to become shaky and to cry. She has been unable to sleep, terrorized with nightmares of this incident. Due to this trauma and the effect on her life, including the loss of an opportunity to run for re-election, Ms. Tageant has begun experiencing depression.
- 20. On January 9, 2018, Ms. Tageant went, upon successive referrals, to receive medical and mental health care from the Nooksack Tribal Clinic, Nooksack Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault Services, Whatcom County Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault Services ("DVSAS"), and Lummi Nation Victims of Crime, for the emotional trauma she has suffered as a result of Defendant Ashby's assault and battery of her. Ms. Tageant was prescribed medication to ease her anxiety and to allow her to sleep.

- 21. By January 10, 2018, Ms. Tageant reported Defendant Ashby's assault and battery of her, in part at the recommendation of DVSAS, with the U.S. Department of the Interior Office of Tribal Justice, the Bureau of Indian Affairs Puget Sound Agency Superintendent, and the Whatcom County Sheriff.
- 22. This is not the first time Defendant Ashby has attempted to intimidate Ms. Tageant, or other Nooksack Indian women. After Ms. Tageant filed for a protection order against Nooksack Tribal Chairman Kelly in the summer of 2017, Defendant Ashby began shooting shotguns as "target practice," immediately behind Ms. Tageant's home while her children were playing outside. Defendant Ashby's intimidation caused Ms. Tageant to drop the request for a protection order. Now, however, Ms. Tageant is determined to hold Defendant Ashby accountable for his actions.

### IV. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION – BATTERY

- 23. Defendant Ashby intentionally, and without Ms. Tageant's consent, physically grabbed both of her arms and shoved her backward with excessive force.
- 24. This unwanted and unlawful, physical contact caused Ms. Tageant to suffer great anxiety about the possibility of further unwanted contact by Defendant Ashby.
- 25. As a proximate result of the acts alleged herein Ms. Tageant suffered harm, entitling her to damages in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 26. This harm includes objectively verifiable monetary losses, such as medical expenses and loss of earnings.
- 27. This harm also includes subjective, nonmonetary losses, including, but not limited to pain, suffering, loss of enjoyment of life, mental anguish, and emotional distress.

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## V. SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION – ASSAULT

- 28. After physically grabbing and shoving Ms. Tageant, Defendant Ashby stepped towards her again. Ms. Tageant stepped backward out of Defendant Ashby's reach. This was an intentional attempt to inflict injury on Ms. Tageant.
- 29. Through his conduct, Defendant Ashby placed Ms. Tageant in a state of fear of imminent, harmful, and unwanted physical contact.
- 30. As a proximate result of the acts alleged herein Ms. Tageant suffered harm, entitling her to damages in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 31. This harm includes objectively verifiable monetary losses, such as medical expenses and loss of earnings.
- 32. This harm also includes subjective, nonmonetary losses, including, but not limited to pain, suffering, loss of enjoyment of life, mental anguish, and emotional distress.

## VI. THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION – INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

- 33. Defendant Ashby's conduct towards Ms. Tageant was extreme and outrageous. Defendant Ashby intentionally caused Ms. Tageant emotional distress by: (1) grabbing her and pushing her without provocation and (2) attempting to grab her a second time. As a result of Defendant Ashby's conduct, Plaintiff suffered legally compensable emotional distress damages.
- 34. As a proximate result of the acts alleged herein Ms. Tageant suffered harm, entitling her to damages in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 35. This harm includes objectively verifiable monetary losses, such as medical expenses and loss of earnings.
- 36. This harm also includes subjective, nonmonetary losses, including, but not limited to pain, suffering, loss of enjoyment of life, mental anguish, and emotional distress.

## VII. JURY DEMAND

Ms. Tageant hereby demands a jury. COMPLAINT - 7

## VIII. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Ms. Tageant prays as follows against Defendant Ashby in his personal capacity:

- 1. For judgment against the Defendant Ashby for general, special, and punitive damages, including damages for pain, suffering, and terror, in an amount to be proven at trial;
- 2. For compensatory damages to include, but not restricted to, damages for emotional distress and mental anguish in amounts to be proven at trial;
  - 3. An award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs;
  - Any and all applicable interest on the judgment; and 4.
  - 5. For such additional relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

DATED this 10th day of January, 2018.

GALANDA BROADMAN, PLLC

Gabriel S. Galanda, WSBA #30331 Bree R. Black Horse, WSBA #47803 Elisabeth J. Guard, WSBA # 52634 Attorneys for Plaintiff P.O. Box 15146, Seattle, WA 98115

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